

## **Littoral Zones**What are they and what do they do?

The shallow down-sloping shelf of a lake or pond is commonly referred to as the lake's "littoral zone". The zone is an area where the water meets the land. Plants here support wildlife such as wading birds, turtles and crabs.



Turtles spend hours basking in the sun.

Littoral Zones are crucial components of healthy ecosystems, hence are protected by law. A primary function of a planted littoral zone is to absorb pollutants from water that ultimately drain into our canals and rivers, particularly water generated from storms. Littoral zone vegetation also prevents shoreline erosion. Since 1985, Martin County has required that a percentage of each lake, pond, or stormwater retention pond be established as a littoral zone.

Well functioning littoral areas are aesthetically pleasing, add habitat for wildlife and increase property values.



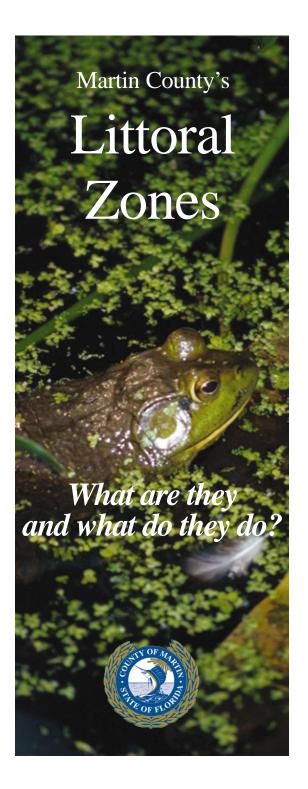
## **MARTIN COUNTY**

Board of County Commissioners 2401 S.E. Monterey Road Stuart, Florida 34996-3397

Doug Smith, District 1
Dennis H. Armstrong, District 2
Lee Weberman, District 3
Elmira R. Gainey, District 4
Michael DiTerlizzi, District 5
Russ Blackburn, County Administrator

This brochure provides you with some interesting facts about the Littoral Zones of Martin County, Florida.

Environmental Division
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## Examples of **Marsh and Littoral Shelf Plantings**

## **Healthy lakes** are good lakes

A balanced, healthy lake will easily support healthy plants and wildlife. A balanced lake will require little maintenance and few (if any) chemicals. Not only will the lake's required littoral zone be aesthetically pleasing but its improved water quality will help reduce foul odors and excessive mosquitoes.

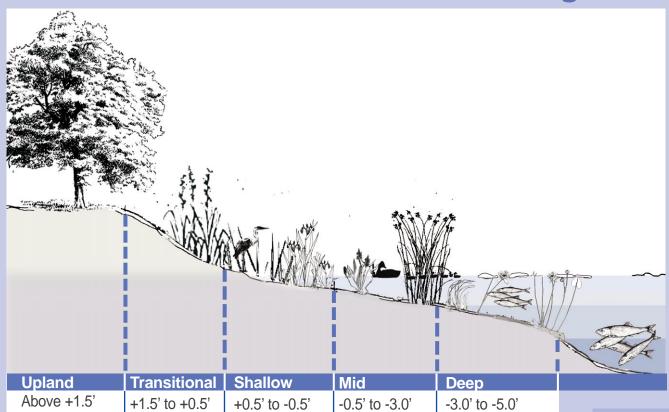
The information in this brochure will help guide the property owner in fulfilling the obligation to plant a successful littoral zone.



Butterfly feeding on Buttonbush flower

To create an aesthetically pleasing zone, the hearty plants listed in the diagram to the right are suggested. More detailed information is available at your local public library or from the following organizations, to name a few:

- IFAS, Center for Aquatic Plants, Circular 912 Aquascaping
- Association of Native Plant Nurseries
- Native Plant Society of Martin County



- Red Maple Acer rubrum
- Bald Cypress Taxodium distichum
- Swamp Bay Persea palustrus
- · Sweet Gum Liquidambar styraciflua



- Buttonbush Cephalanthus occidentalis
- Sand Cordgrass Spartina bakeri
- St. John's Wort Hypericum spp.
  - Sawgrass \* Cladium jamaicense



St. John's Wort

- Blue Flag Iris \* Iris virginica
- Golden Canna \*\* Canna flaccida
- Soft Rush \*\* Juncus effusus
- Spikerush \*\* Eleucharis cellulosa



- Arrowhead Sagittaria lancifolia
- Pickerelweed Pontederia cordata
- Soft-stem Bulrush Scirpus validus

Pickerelweed

Tapegrass Vallisneria americana

Spatterdock

Nuphar luteum

· Soft-stem Bulrush

• Fragrant White Lily

Nymphaea odorata

Scirpus validus



Fragrant Lily







Dragonfly



- \* Can grow in permanent water
- \*\* Endures flooding